



Intel® Virtual RAID on CPU (Intel® VROC)

7.5 PV Windows Customer Release Notes

February 2021

Revision History

External Version	Internal Version	Description	Date
001	1.0	Initial Intel VROC 6.3 PV Release.	February 2020
002	1.1	Initial Intel VROC 7.0 PV Release.	July 2020
003	1.2	Intel VROC 7.0 PV Release to address Potential Data Corruption Condition	August 2020
004	1.3	Initial Intel VROC 7.5 PV Release.	February 2021

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1 Introduction

The Intel® Virtual RAID on CPU (Intel® VROC) 7.5 PV release is a family of products providing enterprise RAID solutions targeted to support Whitley Ice Lake based platforms.

1. Intel VROC (VMD NVMe RAID) provides enterprise RAID solution on platforms that supports Intel® Volume Management Device (Intel® VMD) on Intel® Xeon® Scalable Processors.
2. Intel VROC (SATA RAID) provides an enterprise RAID solution for SATA devices connected to SATA/sSATA ports of the Intel® Platform Controller Hub (Intel PCH) configured for RAID Mode.
3. Intel VROC (NonVMD NVMe RAID) – This product provides an enterprise RAID solution for Intel NVMe SSDs attached to PCIe slots managed by the Platform CPU. Intel VROC (NonVMD NVMe RAID) is not intended for, nor supports:
 - a. Non-Intel NVMe SSDs.
 - b. Platforms that have Intel CPUs that contain Intel VMD technology (weather enabled or disabled).

Intel VROC is a high-level blanket product reference for Intel VROC (VMD NVMe RAID), Intel VROC (SATA RAID) and Intel VROC (NonVMD NVMe RAID).

Note: Intel VROC 7.5 PV Release is a high-level blanket product reference for the family of products that include Intel VROC (VMD NVMe RAID) and Intel VROC (SATA RAID).

Please see the [Supported Platforms](#) section for additional information on older platforms supported with this release.

Note: It is always recommended to update your system BIOS to the included PC release of PreOS images to take advantage of the most optimal and updated features of each Production Version release

These three products, although are provided in a single product package, can be installed, and used independently. For example (unless otherwise restricted by the platform itself), Intel VMD is not required to enable and use Intel VROC (SATA RAID). Likewise, Intel VROC (VMD NVMe RAID) can be enabled and used without Intel VROC (SATA RAID).

1.1 Terminology

Table 1: Terminology

Term	Description
AHCI	Advanced Host Controller Interface
API	Application Programming Interface
ASM	Intel® Accelerated Storage Manager (Intel® ASM)
BIOS	Basic Input/Output System
GB	Gigabyte
GUI	Graphical User Interface

Term	Description
HII	Human Interface Infrastructure
Hot-Plug	The unannounced removal and insertion of a drive while the system is powered on.
I/O	Input/Output
KB	Kilobyte
Matrix RAID	Two independent RAID volumes within a single RAID array.
MB	Megabyte
Member Disk	An NVMe drive used within a RAID array.
NVMe	Non-volatile Memory Express
OS	Operating System
POST	Power On Self-Test
PreOS	A BIOS option to configure Intel VROC UEFI Drivers for Intel VMD and the platform PCH in RAID mode.
RAID	Redundant Array of Independent Disks: allows data to be distributed across multiple drives to provide data redundancy or to enhance data storage performance.
RAID 0 (striping)	The data in the RAID volume is striped across the array's members. Striping divides data into units and distributes those units across the members without creating data redundancy but improving read/write performance.
RAID 1 (mirroring)	The data in the RAID volume is mirrored across the RAID array's members. Mirroring is the term used to describe the key feature of RAID 1, which writes duplicate data from one drive to another; therefore, creating data redundancy and increasing fault tolerance.
RAID 5 (striping with parity)	The data in the RAID volume and parity are striped across the array's members. Parity information is written with the data in a rotating sequence across the members of the array. This RAID level is a preferred configuration for efficiency, fault-tolerance, and performance.
RAID 10 (striping and mirroring)	The RAID level where information is striped across two drive arrays for system performance. Each of the drive in the array has a mirror for fault tolerance. RAID 10 provides the performance benefits of RAID 0 and the redundancy of RAID 1. However, it requires four hard drives so it's the least cost effective.
RAID Array	A logical grouping of physical drives.



Term	Description
RAID Volume	A fixed amount of space across a RAID array that appears as a single physical drive to the operating system. Each RAID volume is created with a specific RAID level to provide data redundancy or to enhance data storage performance.
Spare	The drive that is the designated target drive in a RAID Volume recovery. The Spare drive is a global setting (not designated to a specific RAID volume). Spare drives on a SATA Controller are not available on the sSATA Controller (and visa-versa). Spare drives designated on Intel VROC (VMD NVMe RAID) are exposed and available on all Intel VMD domains.
Strip	The size of the data block that is to be written in each write cycle across the RAID array.
Stripe	Block size that is assigned to evenly distribute portions of the stripe across a designated number of drives within a RAID array. A collection of Strips is called a Stripe
Intel® RSTe	Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise.
RWH	RAID Write Hole
SSD	Solid State Drive
TB	Terabyte
UEFI Mode	<i>Unified Extensible Firmware Interface</i> . Refers to the system setting in the BIOS
Intel® VMD	Intel® Volume Management Device
Intel® VROC	Intel® Virtual RAID on CPU

1.2 Defect Submission Support

With this release, Intel will accept, and process issues reported by customers via the Intel Premier Support (IPS) portal.

To submit an issue, please use the Intel Premier Support (IPS) tool. Information, training and details can be found at the below website. Your local Intel FAE can also provide you the necessary requirements to enable you to submit an IPS issue (also known as a “case”) including an account setup if you do not already have one.

<http://www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/design/support/ips/training/welcome.html>

When submitting a case, please include the following Fields in order to flag Intel VROC AE support for Intel® Xeon® Scalable platforms.

- Case Information -> Product = Purley
- Case Details -> Subject= <Add short title summary of issue>
- Case Details -> Case Description = <add description and how to reproduce error>

- Case Details -> Case Type = <fill in type of request>
- Case Details -> Severity = <fill in severity of issue>
- Case Details -> End Customer = <name of OEM>
- Case Details -> Issue Source = IPS Cloud
- Case Details -> Severity
- Product/Project Info -> Case Category = TechnologyInitiative
- Product/Project Info -> Case Subcategory = Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise (Intel® RSTe)
OR
Product/Project Info -> Case Subcategory = Intel® Virtual RAID on CPU (Intel® VROC)
- Environment Details -> Purley-PCH = lbg-4 (select from appropriate options)
- Environment Details -> Purley-CPU = skx-2s (or skx 4s) (select from appropriate options)
- Environment Details -> BKC or SW Version = <applicable versioning information>

1.3 Supported Operating Systems

Only 64bit OS support is available for the following OS versions

- Windows Server 2012 R2 Enterprise
- Windows 10 RS3 / RS4 / RS5 / 19H1 / 20H1
- Windows Server 2016 Enterprise
- Windows Server 2019 Enterprise



1.4 Supported Platforms/Chipsets/SKUs

The Intel VROC 7.0 PV package was designed to work with, tested and validated on Intel Customer Reference Boards (CRBs) outlined in this section.

1.4.1 Supported Platforms for Intel VROC (VMD NVMe RAID)

CPU	Platform	VMD 1.0 Device ID	VMD 2.0 Device ID	# of VMD
Intel® Xeon® Scalable Processor family – W	Intel® Xeon® Scalable Processor family workstation [†]	201D	N/A	3 per CPU
Intel® Xeon® Scalable Processor family – SP	Intel® Xeon® Scalable Processor family server and workstation [†]	201D	28C0	3 per CPU
Intel® Xeon® Processor D-2100 Product Family	Intel® Xeon® Processor D-2100 Product Family based platform [†]	201D	N/A	3 per CPU
The Intel® Xeon® Processor Scalable Memory Family	Intel® Xeon® Scalable Processor family server [†]	201D	28C0	4 per CPU (VMD 1.0) 5 per CPU (VMD 2.0)
Intel® X299 High End Desktop	Intel® Xeon® Scalable Processor family server and workstation [†]	201D	N/A	3 per CPU

[†] Unless Otherwise Specified in the Release Notes

Note: Intel VROC (VMD NVMe RAID) support on the Intel X299 High End Desktop platforms is restricted to Intel NVMe SSDs only. This is a platform limitation. As a result, when Intel VROC is installed onto an Intel X299 High End Desktop platform, the customer will only see Intel NVMe SSDs plugged into the platform.

Note: Intel VROC (NonVMD NVMe RAID) is not supported on platforms that support Intel VMD (enabled or disabled).

1.4.2 Supported Chipset SKU for Intel VROC (SATA RAID)

Chipset	Platform	RAID controller Device ID	Intel VROC (NonVMD NVMe RAID) Virtual Device ID	# of ports
Intel® C610 series chipset	Platforms containing the Intel® C610 series chipset†	2826 (SATA) 2827 (sSATA)	2F9c	6 SATA 4 sSATA
Intel® C610 series chipset	Platforms Refreshes containing the Intel® C610 series chipset†	2826 (SATA) 2827 (sSATA)	6F9C	8 SATA 6 sSATA
Intel® C220 series chipset	Platforms containing the Intel® C220 series chipset†	2826 (SATA)	N/A	6 SATA
Intel® C230 series chipset	Platforms containing the Intel® C230 series chipset Platform†	2826 (SATA)	A135 (Integrated Sensor Hub enabled)	8 SATA
Intel® C240 series chipset	Platforms containing the Intel® C240 series chipset†	2826 (SATA)	A37C (Integrated Sensor Hub enabled)	8 SATA
Intel® 620 series chipset	Platforms containing the Intel® 620 series chipset†	2826 (SATA) 2827 (sSATA)	N/A	8 SATA 6 sSATA
Intel® C422 series chipset	Platforms containing the Intel® C422 series chipset†	2826 (SATA)	N/A	8 SATA

† Unless otherwise specified in the Release Notes



2 Supported PCIe NVMe SSDs List

All shipping Intel® Data Center and Professional NVMe* SSDs are supported by Intel® VROC 7.5 PV, except dual port NVMe* SSDs. For the latest list of supported Non-Intel PCIe NVMe SSDs, please visit [Intel® Virtual RAID on CPU \(Intel® VROC\) Supported Configurations](#)

Platform providers are now allowed to self-validate their own list of NVMe SSDs for use with Intel VROC (VMD NVMe RAID). For more details, please contact Intel VROC PAE.

3 New Features

3.1 New Features in Intel VROC 7.5 PV

The Intel VROC 7.5 PV release package introduces several new features to support the latest Intel Platforms as well as improve the user experience. The key new feature introduced are:

- Intel VMD 2.0 support which includes
 - Increase in MSIX vectors to 64
 - Intel VMD Support for NVMe Devices Attached to the Platform Controller Hub (PCH)
 - Increase in the number of PCI-E lanes that can be controlled by VMD from 48 to 64
 - Increase in the number of VMD devices from 3 to 5

3.1.1 Intel VME 2.0 Features

3.1.1.1 Increasing MSIX Vectors to 64

Intel VROC 7.5 introduces support for customer configurations that can support 64 MSIX Vectors. On platforms that support Intel VMD 1.0, the MSIX support is limited to 32 MSIX vectors. For these (Intel VMD 1.0) platforms, a single VMD domain can support up to 24 NVMe SSDs. This means that those 24 NVMe SSDs will share a single Intel VMD MSIX vector. As the number of vectors, in newer NVMe devices, increase beyond 32, this can result in a platform performance impact. With the introduction of Intel VMD 2.0, and Intel VROC 7.5, this increase to 64 MSIX vectors should help to alleviate this problem. This is because the average dual socket server will have between 48 and 64 cores, which limits the number of MSIX vectors on a given NVMe SSD to 64, for optimal usage.

3.1.1.2 Intel VMD (PCH) Support

Intel VROC 7.5 introduces support for the Intel (VMD NVMe RAID) management of NVMe SSDs connected to the Platform Controller Hub (PCH). Utilizing the Flex-IO capabilities of the PCH, Intel VMD 2.0 technology can now take ownership of two of the slots allowing Intel VROC (VMD NVMe RAID) to control and manage the NVMe SSDs attached to those slots. This is accomplished by utilizing the Function Level Assignment of the PCH PCI functions. Utilizing the BIOS setup menus, the user will be able to enable Intel VMD on the designated slots, or PCH functions (depending on the BIOS implementation) and the PCH functions will be reassigned to an Intel VMD (PCH) controller. To be able to accomplish this, there must be NVMe SSDs present on the slot(s) and the slots used must support Slot Implemented Capabilities. Otherwise, Intel VMD (PCH) cannot be enabled. Please refer to the Intel® C620 Series Chipset Platform Controller Hub datasheet (document No. 336067) and/or the **Ice Lake PCH External Design Guide**, document No. **572631** for details on the Flexible I/O feature.

When this feature is fully enabled, it will reassign sSATA ports 2-5 to be PCIe lanes managed by Intel VMD (PCH). This is translated into PCIe root ports 8-11 and Flex I/O ports 14-17. The general configuration is 2 - X2 PCIe lanes.

This feature is intended for supporting a simple RAID 1 boot using 2- NVMe SSDs attached directly to the PCH. However, if the platform supports expanded configurations, using retimer or switch Add-In-Cards (AIC), full Intel VROC (VMD NVMe RAID) support can be obtained. Intel VROC (VMD NVMe RAID) was only validated with 2 NVMe SSDs directly attached to the PCH. Any configurations beyond two directly attached NVMe drives is not recommended.



Note: With this new functionality, when Intel VMD is enabled, a DUMMY function/device will be seen in the Windows Device Manager as a “Yellow Bang”. This function is the result of a PCIe requirement for a device with multiple functions. Once the Intel VROC installation process is complete this DUMMY function/device will be hidden in the list of System functions.

3.1.1.2.1 Intel VMD (PCH) PreOS Support

Intel VMD (PCH) PreOS support is included in the Intel VROC (VMD NVMe RAID) PreOS images, which is part of the Intel VROC release package. There are no other PreOS images required.

3.1.1.2.2 Intel VMD (PCH) Pass-thru Boot Support

Intel VROC 7.5 provides Intel VROC (VMD NVMe RAID) PreOS support for NVMe SSDs attached to the PCH when Intel VMD (PCH) is enabled. This will allow an OS to be installed onto and boot from an NVMe device managed by Intel VROC (VMD NVMe RAID). No Intel VROC Upgrade key is required to utilize this feature.

3.1.1.2.3 Intel VMD (PCH) RAID Boot Support

Intel VROC 7.5 provides Intel VROC (VMD NVMe RAID) PreOS support for NVMe SSDs attached to the PCH when Intel VMD (PCH) is enabled. When an Intel VROC Upgrade key is present and Intel VMD (PCH) is enabled, the user will be able to use the Intel VROC (VMD NVMe RAID) PreOS HII to setup and manage a RAID volume using the NVMe SSDs attached to the PCH. This will allow an OS to be installed onto and boot from an Intel VROC (VMD NVMe RAID) volume attached to Intel VMD (PCH).

3.1.1.2.4 Intel VMD (PCH) RAID Data Volume Spanning

Once Intel VMD (PCH) is enabled, Intel VROC (VMD NVMe RAID) will treat it like any other Intel VMD controller. Spanning Data RAID volumes are supported as they are currently outlined in this document. This applies to the Intel VROC PreOS tools, the Windows OS GUI and the CLI tool. The option to span VMD controllers is supported, but not recommended

Note: This is supported but not recommended due to a performance penalty using the PCH.

Note: Windows boot volumes cannot span between PCH and CPU VMD devices. Meaning all NVMe SSDs in the boot array, must be on the VMD (PCH) device.

3.1.1.2.5 Intel VMD (PCH) Designations

The Intel VROC (VMD NVMe RAID) management tools (PreOS tools, Windows GUI and CLI tool) are used to manage devices attached to the Intel VMD (PCH) controller, the corresponding information displayed will indicate “PCH” with any device or controller associated with Intel VMD (PCH).

3.1.1.2.6 Intel VMD (PCH) Hot Plug Support.

Intel VROC does not support Hot Plug when NVMe SSDs are attached to the Intel VMD (PCH) controller.

3.1.2 Number of Intel VMD Increased

Intel VMD 2.0 technology and increased the number of PCIe lanes controlled by the Intel VMD from 48 to 64. This, along with the Intel VMD (PCH) support increases the total number of Intel VMDs to 5.

- 4 Intel VMDs off the CPU

- 1 Intel VMD of the PCH (Intel VMD (PCH))

3.1.3 Native PCIe Enclosure Management (NPEM)

Intel VROC 7.5 introduces support for the Native PCIe Enclosure Management (NPEM) standard for LED management in a PCIe 4.0 based environment. This capability is discoverable in each switch-downstream-port. If it is discovered to be present, the Intel VROC LED utility will use NPEM control, capability and status registers to visually indicate the various drive and volume states.

3.2 Critical Issue Resolved in Intel VROC 7.0.2 PV

A potential silent data loss condition exists in both the Intel VROC (SATA RAID) and the Intel RSTe windows-based products. The potential silent data loss condition exists when the Intel VROC Read Patrol feature is enabled for redundant SATA RAID volumes (RAID1, 5 or 10) and one of the RAID member drives is found to have a Bad Block condition. The Read Patrol process, of using the redundant data to correct the Bad Block, can result in invalid data being written. The silent data loss exposure **must** include **all** the following conditions:

1. The Intel VROC Read Patrol feature is enabled
2. A redundant SATA RAID volume present
3. One of the SATA RAID member drives has a Bad Block.

If any one of the above conditions is not present, the silent data loss does not occur. Nor does this condition exist on Intel VROC (VMD NVMe RAID).

3.3 New Features in Intel VROC 7.0 PV

There are no new features included in the Intel VROC 7.0 PV release package.

3.3.1 AHCI Driver Support Removed

With the release of Intel VROC 7.0, the package will no longer include an Intel VROC AHCI driver to support the PCH configured for AHCI mode. The AHCI driver included in the Microsoft OS distribution will be the best option to support this configuration.

The Intel VROC GUI will not display any SATA drives that are managed by the SATA controller in AHCI mode.

3.3.2 Microsoft Windows 7 support Removed

With the release of Intel VROC 7.0, the package will no longer include support for Microsoft Windows 7. If this type of support is required, please refer to the Intel VROC 6.3 PV package available on VIP.

3.3.3 Legacy Option ROM Support Removed

With the release of Intel VROC 7.0, the package will no longer include Legacy Option ROM images for the PCH Controller (in RAID Mode). For older platforms that may still require Legacy Option ROM support, please refer to the Intel VROC 6.3 PV package to obtain those images. Intel VROC 7.0 will support environments that have the Legacy Option ROM images from the Intel VROC 6.3 PV package.



3.4 New Features in Intel VROC 6.3 PV

There are no new features in the Intel VROC 6.3 PV release package.

3.5 New Features in Intel VROC 6.2 PV

3.5.1 Intel VROC Installer AHCI Driver Option

The installation application for the Intel VROC 6.2 based family of products includes the option to choose to install the Intel VROC 6.2 AHCI based driver. When the Intel VROC 6.2 installation application is executed, it identifies how the Intel PCH (SATA and/or sSATA) is configured. When configured for AHCI mode it will present this option to the user. If the user does not make this selection, the installation of the Intel VROC AHCI driver is bypassed/“not” installed. The option is provided because Intel recommends using the Microsoft AHCI driver under these conditions.

Note: Intel recommends that the Microsoft inbox AHCI driver be used when the SATA controllers are in AHCI mode.

3.6 New Features in Intel VROC 6.1 PV

3.6.1 Microsoft .NET and Intel ASM No Longer Included

To address functional and security updates, this version of the Intel® Virtual RAID on CPU (Intel® VROC) 6.1 PV Release Package has removed the Microsoft .NET Framework as well as the Intel Acceleration Storage Manager (ASM). Users should update to the latest version.

For the customer's convenience, the Intel VROC product installation application was designed to automatically install the Microsoft .NET Framework and provide an option to install the Intel Acceleration Storage Manager (ASM).

The .NET Framework was included because the Intel VROC user interface relies on the .NET Framework to operate properly. To ensure that customers can get the latest version available, Intel is no longer including .NET Framework in the Intel VROC production package. This is not needed because the supported Windows operating systems already include a version of .NET Framework. If the latest version of the .NET Framework is not installed, it can be obtained/downloaded either via a Web update or offline directly from <https://dotnet.microsoft.com/>.

In addition to removal of the .NET Framework installation, this release also removes the Intel ASM component. The Intel ASM installer has some dependencies on 3rd party libraries and Intel would like to reduce or eliminate these dependencies. Until this is accomplished, the Intel ASM component is being removed. Please contact your Intel FAE for future release details.

For more information please refer to Technical Advisory Reference Number 610700.

3.6.2 Windows 7-64bit Support

The Intel VROC 6.1 release package includes targeted support for Windows 7-64bit. Within this package, is included Intel RSTe 5.6 specifically for Windows 7-64bit. This was added back into the product packaging to support the older platforms.

On platforms that are installing Windows 7-64bit, the Intel RSTe 5.6 driver from the F6 directory should be used. Once the OS is successfully installed, running the Intel VROC 6.1 installation application will install the Intel RSTe 5.6 GUI and middleware and update/install the driver.

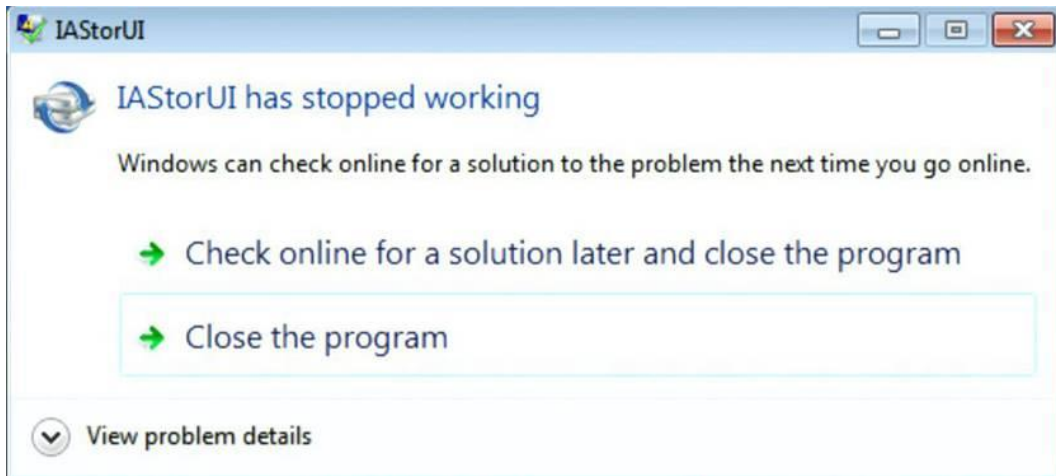
This configuration is the exception to the backwards compatibility of the Intel VROC PreOS. Meaning, that after the platform BIOS has been updated to include the Intel VROC 6.1 PreOS, the Intel RSTe 5.6 package (for Windows 7-64bit) will be supported. Table 1 shows the Intel VROC PreOS versions to Intel RSTe 5.6 OS version support.

Table 12: Intel VROC Compatibility Matrix

	Intel VROC PreOS 5.5	Intel VROC PreOS 6.0	Intel VROC PreOS 6.1	Intel VROC PreOS 6.2	Intel VROC PreOS 6.3 and beyond
Intel RSTe 5.6 Win7-64bit	Supported	Not Supported	Supported	Supported but not Validated	Supported but not Validated

3.6.3 Windows 7-64bit .NET Limitations

When installing Intel VROC 6.1 onto a platform with Win7 the following message may be displayed after the package installation reboot:



To resolve this issue, the Microsoft .NET Framework needs to be updated to version 4.5.1. The following link can be used to download:

<https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=40779>

Note: For all other supported operating systems, please download the latest version of .NET Framework.



4 Drivers, Images and Utilities

List of Modules supported on Intel® Xeon® based platforms delivered with Intel® VROC 7.5.0.1991 Release Package.

Feature	Notes
Intel UEFI Drivers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Intel® VROC UEFI Driver version 7.5.0.1152 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ VMDVROC_1.efi (HW key enforcement in effect) • Intel® VMD UEFI version 2.0.0.1018 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ VMDVROC_2.efi <p>Note: All these images are required and intended to support Intel VMD and Intel VROC (SATA RAID) functionality as a combined installed package.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Intel® VROC (SATA RAID) SATA / sSATA UEFI Driver version 7.5.0.1152 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ SataDriver.efi ○ sSataDriver.efi
Intel® VROC Windows Drivers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Intel® VROC Windows GUI version 7.5.0.1984 • Intel® VROC Windows Installer Package version 7.5_4.0.12 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ SetupVROC.exe (Multi-lingual) • Intel® VROC (VMD NVMe RAID) Windows F6 Driver version 7.5.0.1990 Win8 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ \iaVROC.free.win8.64bit.7.5.0.1990\iaVROC • Intel® VROC (SATA RAID) Windows F6 Driver version 7.5.0.1990 - Win8 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ \iaStorE.free.win8.64bit.7.5.0.1990 \iaStorE (SATA) ○ \iaStorE.free.win8.64bit.7.5.0.1990 \iaStorB (sSATA) • Intel® VROC (NonVMD NVMe RAID) Windows F6 Driver version 7.5.0.1990 Win8 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ \iaRNVMe.free.win8.64bit.7.5.0.1990 \iaRNVMe (NVMe) • Intel VROC CLI version 7.5.0.1984
UEFI Based RAID Configuration Utility	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Intel® VROC version 7.5.0.1152 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ RCfgVROC.efi • Intel® VROC SATA / sSATA version 7.5.0.1152 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ RCfgSata.efi ○ RCfgsSata.efi • Note: Secure Boot must be disabled to use this tool

Feature	Notes
UEFI Based Comply Utility	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Intel® VROC version 7.5.0.1152 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ RcmpVROC.efi • Intel® VROC SATA / sSATA version 7.5.0.1152 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ RCmpSata.efi ○ RCmpsata.efi • Note: Secure Boot must be disabled to use this tool
UEFI based SATA SGPIO/LED Test utility	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Intel® VROC SATA / sSATA version 7.5.0.1152 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ LedToolSata.efi ○ LedToolsata.efi • Note: Secure Boot must be disabled to use this tool
UEFI based Intel VROC LED Test utility	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Intel® VROC version 7.5.0.1152 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ LedToolVROC.efi • Note: This tool can be used to exercise LEDs for NVMe disks behind VMD
UEFI Based Clear Metadata Utility	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Intel® VROC SATA / sSATA version 7.5.0.1152 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ RClrSata.efi ○ RClrsata.efi
UEFI Based Intel VROC HW Key Checker	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Intel® VROC Activation Key Checker version 7.5.0.1152 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ HWKeyCheckVROC.efi • Note: This tool will check for the presence and type of the HW key



5 Intel VROC Limitations

5.1 Microsoft .NET Framework Removal

As previously described, the Intel VROC product installation application has removed the Microsoft .NET Framework as well as the Intel ASM component.

The following table shows how the removal of the Microsoft .NET Framework may impact the launching of the Intel VROC GUI, based off the Windows operating system installed:

	Server 2k12 R2	Server 2k16	Windows 2k19	Win 10 RS3	Win 10 RS4	Win 10 RS5	Win10 19H1/ 19H2/ 20H1/ 20H2
Intel VROC 7.5 PV Versions	Install Latest .NET Framework	Install Latest .NET Framework	No Impact	Install Latest .NET Framework	No Impact	No Impact	No Impact

If the system configuration requires the .NET Framework version to be updated and the system has internet access, a web installer can be used, which should go out and install the latest version. For example: (<https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/4054531/microsoft-net-framework-4-7-2-web-installer-for-windows>).

If the system is not connected to the Internet, then an offline version must be downloaded, moved to, and installed on the system. The following are some additional instruction to help in this process:

1. Download the latest version of .NET Framework from Microsoft
2. Compress the downloaded image (to avoid potential undesirable side effect as outlined in <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/framework/install/troubleshoot-blocked-installations-and-uninstallations#compat>)
3. Copy the compressed file to a USB drive
4. Copy the compressed file from the USB drive to the Download directory of the platform being configured
5. Uncompressed the file
6. Run the executable file as administrator

For more information please refer to <https://dotnet.microsoft.com/>.

Once the latest version of the .NET Framework is installed, rerun the Intel VROC product installation application. This helps ensure that all components will start properly.

5.2 Surprise Hot Plug Limitations

Due to Microsoft Windows time restrictions for resuming from S3 and S4, and Intel VMD device identification requirements, Hot Plug of Intel VMD enabled NVMe devices is not supported during S3 and S4 states.

Surprise removal of multiple NVMe SSDs at one time are not supported. The user must wait until a device is reflected as removed / inserted in device manager for spacing surprise hot plug of Intel VMD enabled PCIe NVMe SSDs in Microsoft Windows.

Due to these limitations, Intel strongly discourages performing Hot Plugs during an S3 power state change.

5.3 Expect Longer Rebuild Times for RAID 5

On a RAID 5 volume, disk cache is being turned off when a volume is degraded. Due to this, the rebuilding times have increased expectedly until the rebuild is completed, and disk cache is enabled again.

This extends to drives being added to a RAID 5 volume as well.

5.4 Intel VROC Command Line Interface

The Intel VROC Command Line Interface (CLI) does not support the RAID Volume name beginning with blank space.

5.5 Intel VROC Trial Version Limitations

Data RAID Only (No Boot Support)

Data RAID must be installed on same make/model of NVMe devices

Once an Intel VROC Upgrade Key has been inserted into the system, the trial version is concluded. Removing the upgrade key does not re-enable the trial version. As a result, any existing RAID volumes present while the upgrade key was installed, won't be seen and could be in an unknown state.

When creating a RAID volume using the Trial version, don't mix NVMe vendors. Mixing vendors may result in unexpected behavior.

Please refer to the Intel VROC Trial Version section in the Intel VROC Technical Product Specification for 5.4PV for more details

5.6 Intel VROC PreOS UEFI Driver Uninstall limitations

The Intel VROC UEFI RAID drivers comply with UEFI Specifications for PCI Driver Model for PCI Device Drivers (Section 13.3.3) and may return Status Code "access denied" from UninstallProtocolInterface routine from Boot services (spec. 6.3). This is expected behavior.

5.7 Intel NVMe Wear Leveling Recommendations

NVMe SSD Wear Leveling refers to techniques used to prolong the service life of NVMe drives. This section outlines recommendations to maximize Wear Leveling on RAID 5 volumes.



Strip Size No of drives	4	8	16	32	64	128
3	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal
4	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Suboptimal	Suboptimal
5	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal
6	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Suboptimal
7	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal
8	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Suboptimal	Suboptimal	Suboptimal
9	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal
10	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Suboptimal
11	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal
12	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Suboptimal	Suboptimal
13	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal
14	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Suboptimal
15	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal
16	Optimal	Optimal	Suboptimal	Suboptimal	Suboptimal	Suboptimal
17	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal
18	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Suboptimal
19	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal
20	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Suboptimal	Suboptimal
21	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal
22	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Suboptimal
23	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal
24	Optimal	Optimal	Optimal	Suboptimal	Suboptimal	Suboptimal

Note: It is left to the customer to determine the most effective combination of parameters (number of drives vs. strip size) to achieve their desired performance goals, usage models and drive endurance.

5.8 Must use F6 Install Method

The use of the included Intel VROC F6 drivers are required to install an OS onto an Intel VROC managed device(s). There is no Microsoft “inbox” driver that supports Intel VROC 7.5.

The supported Microsoft Operating Systems for this product include inbox drivers that support the Intel® C620 and C422 series chipset Platform Controller Hub (PCH) when configured for RAID mode. It is strongly recommended that the Intel VROC (SATA RAID) F6 drivers included in this release be used instead of the available “inbox” driver. The provided “inbox” driver is intended only for those customers who may not have the Intel VROC (SATA RAID) F6 drivers readily available and ONLY for installing to a single drive (NOT to a RAID volume). Once the OS is installed, it is strongly recommended that the Intel VROC 7.5 installer package be installed immediately. At that point, it will be safe to migrate the SATA system disk into a RAID Volume (using the Intel VROC GUI).

5.9 Intel C620 and C422 series chipset Port Limitations

This limitation is in reference to platforms having a PCH that supports more than 6 SATA ports. The Intel C620 and C422 series chipset SATA controller supports 8 SATA ports. As referenced above, The Microsoft Windows Operating systems that contain the “inbox” drivers for the Intel® C620 and C422 series chipset Platform Controller Hub (PCH) when configured for RAID mode, only support 6 ports. Drives on ports 7 and/or 8 are not enumerated. For this reason, Intel recommends not using these 2 ports as part of the Windows OS boot installation (as a pass-thru drive or as part of a RAID volume). However, if you do need to use these ports as part of your Windows boot volume, the steps below can be used as a workaround.

Note: you will need a USB drive with the Intel VROC IntelVROCCLI.exe utility.

1. After you have created the desired RAID volume that includes ports 7 and/or 8 (which you intend to use as your Windows boot volume) in the PreOS environment, begin the Windows installation process. **Make note of the RAID volume name.**
2. Navigate to the Windows disk selection window. At this point, select the Load Driver button and install the Intel VROC F6 driver (included in this package).
3. Attempt to continue installing the Windows OS onto the RAID volume. If the installation process does not continue, this error has been encountered.
4. Press f10 to invoke a CMD window.
5. If you have not already done so, please insert the USB drive into the system. Navigate to your USB drive with the RstCLI.exe utility.
6. Run command: IntelVROCCLI.exe --manage --normal-volume <volumeName>
7. This will reset the volume to a normal state.
8. Close the CMD window.
9. In the Windows disk selection window, reload the Intel VROC f6 driver.
10. Once completed, Windows should allow installation on the RAID volume.

5.10 Intel VROC Key Removal/Upgrade Limitation

With Microsoft Windows 10, Fast Startup is enabled by default. Disable Fast Startup prior to removing/upgrading the Intel VROC HW key. OR, perform a complete reboot when removing/inserting a HW key when Fast Startup is enabled.



5.11 NVMe Port Assignment by Intel VROC

In Windows and UEFI, the port number shown in the Intel VROC interfaces depends on disk enumeration order by the Intel VMD-enabled NVMe driver, which can be different on each platform. The port numbers shown does not reflect the physical PCIe slot. After each hot plug, there is an enumeration process which is NOT fixed.

Please see the **Intel® VROC Windows Technical Product Specification** for information on the new Intel VROC UEFI Device Info Protocol for unique NVMe physical slot locations.

5.12 Windows 10 RS5/Server 2019

5.12.1 Idle Power increased

Installing Intel VROC onto a platform running Windows 10 RS5. In Windows and UEFI, the port number shown in the Intel VROC interfaces depends on disk enumeration order by the Intel VMD-enabled NVMe driver, which can be different on each platform. The port numbers shown does not reflect the physical PCIe slot. After each hot plug, there is an enumeration process which is NOT fixed.

Please see the **Intel® VROC for Windows Technical Product Specification** for information on the new Intel VROC UEFI Device Info Protocol for unique NVMe physical slot locations.

5.12.2 Intel VROC Support for Windows 10 RS5 / Server 2019

Intel RSTe 5.5.0.2013 introduces support for Windows 10 RS5 and Windows Server 2019.

- Note:** There is a known issue trying to install Windows 10 RS5 / Server 2019. Installing Windows 10 RS5 or Server 2019 onto an Intel VMD managed device is limited to a single CPU. For more information please see the Known Issues section below.
- Note:** This limitation only applies to Intel RSTe 5.5 and earlier releases. Intel VROC 6.X are not impacted.

5.13 Intel VROC 6.X on Windows Server 2012 R2

When installing Intel VROC 6.X family of products onto Windows Server 2012 R2, the following Microsoft updates must first be applied:

1. KB4054566
2. KB2999226
3. KB2919355
4. KB3172729

5.14 Intel VROC (NonVMD NVMe RAID) Upgrade

When attempting to upgrade Intel VROC (NonVMD NVMe RAID), a message may be displayed that an error has occurred trying to disable the virtual device and that the system needs to be rebooted. If this happens, please reboot and try the upgrade again.

5.15 Intel VMD Support on 8 Socket Platforms

Due to restrictions on NVM Express implementations that reside behind PCI compliant bridges, address space is limited to 32 bit assigned base address registers (for non-prefetchable memory). This means that there is only 4 Gigabytes of addressable (non-prefetchable) memory space available. This memory space must be shared between entire platform. As a result, there is a limitation on the number of Intel VMD controllers that can be enabled (due to these resource constraints). The following two configurations can be used without encountering memory restriction errors:

1. 3 Intel VMDs can be enabled on CPU0 up to CPU6. Intel VMDs on CPU7 need to remain disabled. This results in a maximum of 21 Intel VMDs that can be enabled in this configuration.
2. No more than two (2) Intel VMDs can be enabled on each CPU in the 8-socket platform. This resulting in a total of 16 Intel VMD domains.

Note: This limitation does not apply to 1, 2 or 4 socket platforms.

5.16 Intel VROC SATA LED Management

When designing a Hot Swap Backplane (HSBP) into a new platform, please make sure that the backplane design supports the platforms External Design Document specification for HSBP support. Also, please contact your Intel FAE to obtain the latest platform CPLD reference code and information.

The sSATA controller on the Intel Cooper City and Wilson City CRBs have very limited support for using and/or testing backplane management. Please make sure to review all Intel Cooper City or Wilson City CRB design documentation to understand how the sSATA Controller is laid out.

5.17 Intel VROC Creation Volume Sizes

When Creating a RAID volume, there will be a Volume Size difference seen when comparing a RAID Volume created using the Intel VROC PreOS HII environment and volumes created in the OS. This has to do with the way the size information is displayed and computed between the two environments.

5.18 MCERR/P_CATERR/Bus Uncorrectable Error with Intel VMD enabled

When CTO occurs, Intel VMD must be chosen to handle these conditions when the root port of the Intel VMD controller that is enabled. This is accomplished by disabling IOMCA on the x16 Intel VMD enabled lanes.

5.19 Intel VROC Legacy Option ROM (OROM)

Intel VROC no longer includes the Legacy OROM in the Intel VROC release packages. For older platforms, the Intel VROC OROM does not support RAID volumes that are greater than 10 Terabytes. The Size may not be properly displayed, and Intel has not current plans on resolving this issue.



6 Intel VROC Issues

This section outlines the issues reported and internally found that customers need to be aware of. The issues are broken down into “Known Issues” and “Resolved Issues”.

6.1 Intel VROC Known Issues

This section identifies known Intel VROC issues that are being worked on and are planned to be fixed in a future release.

Internal Reference Number	IPS Reference Number	Issue Title
22012232430	00588652	Using the IntelVROCCLI.exe Tool with the -R Option may not Properly Result in the RAID Volume Rebuild Occurring
18014127243	Internal	Performing an Intel VROC (SDATA RAID) RAID 5 RAID Write Hole Recovery on a Degraded SATA RAID 5 Volume may not Complete Successfully
18011230044	Internal	Warning Message "Warning: The AHCI driver will be updated to the latest Microsoft AHCI driver in the system" Does Not Occur When Installing Intel VROC in AHCI Mode Using Installer.
14013209937	00580596	Intel VROC Bad Block Management Process May Take (3 to 4 times) Longer than in Previous Versions
1809400331	Internal	Intel VROC Rebuild On Hot Insert may not Work Properly on a Matrix RAID Volume when one of the Volumes is a RAID 0.
1808094827	Internal	The Intel VROC (VMD NVMe RAID) PreOS environment may only show 32 NVMe SSDs in the Intel VROC HII.
1508747791	22012122800/ 00586202	Hot Removal of a Matrix RAID Member May Result in a System Failure
22011592946	00553285	Intel VROC (SATA RAID) PreOS Health Protocol May not Properly Report the Driver/Controller Information
18014791546	Internal	Using the Intel VROC CLI Tool to Remove the Metadata on all of the Specified Drives May not Complete Successfully on Drives Identified as "Unknown"
18014524336	Internal	When using the Intel VROC CLI Tool to Identify the Attached Devices on the SATA/sSATA Controller,

Internal Reference Number	IPS Reference Number	Issue Title
		Attached ATAPI Devices may not be Properly Reported
18013620134	Internal	When Testing the Intel VROC Trial Period, Marking the System Drive as a Hot Spare when Creating an Intel VROC (VMD NVMe RAID) Volume may Result in a System Crash.
18013439721	Internal	When Running in a Matrix RAID Configuration (Two RAID Volume in a Single RAID Array), the Bad Block Management Process may not Properly Detect Bad Blocks.
18013046256	Internal	Bad Block Logging during the Intel VROC (SATA RAID) Read Patrol process may Result in Duplicate Logs Being Seen.
18011530136	Internal	The Intel VROC RCfg Tool may not Properly Display the Warning Message when Trying To Rebuild a Volume to a Drive that is at Least 10% Bigger Than the Largest Member Drive.
18010986194	Internal	Intel VROC PreOS may not Properly Show a Boot RAID Volume as Bootable after the RAID Volume Encounters a FAIL Condition.
18010956435	Internal	Output May Not Appear In Intel VROC CLI After Attempt To Create RAID 1 Volume From Two Parts of x8 Drive.
1805900436	401666	Intel VROC F6 Drivers May Not Properly Load and a Refresh may be Required.
1407347823	266468	RSTe RCfgRSTeRS.efi Disk IDs are not consistent and RAID 5 create with journaling drive hangs.
1307422217	Internal	Third Party Vendor Drives May Have Unknown Usage In Intel VROC GUI Instead Of Pass Through When Using Intel SSD Only Key.
18012842292	Internal	An Incorrect Error Message ("REQUEST_FAILED: Request is formatted correctly but failed to execute.") May Be Reported By Intel VROC CLI Tool When Trying to Perform a Migration to Unsupported RAID Level.
18012255612	Internal	The Intel VROC CLI Tool may Return the Wrong Error Message ("INVALID_DEVICE: Request not formatted correctly, device does not exist.") When Trying to Rebuild Degraded RAID Volume To Drive In an Incompatible State.



Internal Reference Number	IPS Reference Number	Issue Title
18012236043	Internal	Intel VROC CLI May Report Wrong Error ("REQUEST_FAILED: Request is formatted correctly but failed to execute.") When Trying To Remove Member Drive Of System RAID Volume.
18011842936	Internal	Intel VROC GUI May Not Show "Bootable volume" Status For System RAID Volume.
18011483476	Internal	When using the Intel VROC HII to Create a RAID Volume, the Warning Message that All Data on The Member Disks Will Be Lost, may not be Displayed.
18011469063	Internal	When using the Intel VROC RCfg Tool to Create a RAID Volume, the Warning that All Data Will Be Lost, may not be Displayed
18011468952	Internal	When using the Intel VROC HII to Create a RAID Volume using Drives with Different Attributes, the Warning Message may not be Displayed
18011385567	Internal	In Intel VROC GUI Rescan Button May Not Work Properly.
14011446153	Internal	Exporting Output, from Intel VROC CLI, to an .xml File may not Work Properly.
1808963497	Internal	RAID Initialization may not be Automatically Performed when Verify or Verify And Repair is Initiated by the Intel VROC CLI Tool, on an Uninitialized Volume
1808630874	Internal	When running the Intel VROC installer, the System Report may report the Intel VROC (SATA RAID) version as the same as the Intel VROC (VMD NVMe RAID) version when, in fact, it is different. The version obtained from Device Manager is correct.
22012124037	00586204	SATA RAID volume status may not properly display in HII when RAID is degraded with spare drive configured
22012267449	Internal	RAID volume in rebuilding state may state "Bootable: No" in VROC GUI properties

6.2 Resolved Issues in Intel VROC 7.5 PV

Internal Reference Number	IPS Reference Number	Issue Title
22011196948		Intel VROC may not properly calculate the LBA locations when performing the Read Patrol Bad Block Recovery Process, Inadvertently missing some Bad Blocks.
22011073918		A potential silent data loss condition exists in both the Intel VROC (SATA RAID) and the Intel RSTe windows-based products. The potential silent data loss condition exists when the Intel VROC Read Patrol feature is enabled for redundant SATA RAID volumes (RAID1, 5 or 10) and one of the RAID member drives is found to have a Bad Block condition. The Read Patrol process, of using the redundant data to correct the Bad Block, can result in invalid data being written.
14012886123	00556241	Intel VROC RAID Write Hole Parity Calculation may be Computed Incorrectly.
22011547837		NVMe drives listed in the VROC BIOS HII page may state incorrect CPU on which it is connected to. Fixed with 7.5 PV
22010691032	Internal	Intel VROC Installer Help Dialog does not Contain All Available Setup Options.
14011249412	00509350	Activate Led Option May not Work For Non-Intel Drives when Using Intel Only SSD License.
14011049937	00247935	The Order of the SATA Drives Attached to the sSATA Controller May not Match that of how they May be Reported in the SATA Controller
1808275753	Internal	The Wrong RAID Volume State may be Displayed After a Dirty Shutdown
1507753655	486129	When Running Stress Testing on M.2 Slots Managed by the sSATA Controller, an "isStorB" Error may be Logged. - Expected under such heavy I/O loads.
18012678098	Internal	When Installing VROC Using Installer With Option "-nodrv" All Drivers Are Uninstalled And No Driver Is Installed In Replacement. This Option May Break Operating System And It Shall Not Be Used.



Internal Reference Number	IPS Reference Number	Issue Title
18011258092	Internal	Clearing RAID Metadata Using the RCfg Tool may Result in a Platform Hang in UEFI and an ASSERT.
18010905203	Internal	Creating a RAID Volume in Intel VROC (VMD NVMe RAID) PreOS from Drives Connected through a JBOF may not Succeed and Result in Error Message: "Create volume failed! Cannot write to disk".
1806564424	Internal	System May Fail to Start After an Unexpected Power Loss
1508007585		VROC HII may display the RAID volume capacity improperly when it is larger than 10000 GB
1507520073	2209571335 / 00472167	Uninstall VROC Windows driver may encounter an error when it is installed and uninstalled multiple times
1306412122	Internal	Setting LED Configuration of Empty Slot as Fail may not show Fail when slot is empty.
22011382393	00543426	Locate LED may not work properly in VROC HII when using PCIe switch with NPEM support

6.3 Resolved Issues in Intel VROC 7.0.2 PV

This section identifies those issues that have been resolved in the Intel VROC 7.0.2 PV release.

Internal Reference Number	IPS Reference Number	Issue Title
22011071259	00527379	With Read Patrol Enabled, Recovering from a Bad Block Could Result in a Data Loss Condition.

6.4 Resolved Issues in Intel VROC 7.0 PV

This section identifies those issues that have been resolved in the Intel VROC 7.0 PV release.

Internal Reference Number	IPS Reference Number	Issue Title
14010261577	00470911	Intel VROC IASstorIcon Scheduled Task may be Inadvertently Removed During a Package Upgrade.
22010314523	00493707	Migration of one RAID10 Volume to a RAID5 Volume May Cause an other RAID10 Volume, in the System, to Automatically Re-Initialize.
18011792455	Internal	When using a Hot Spare Back Plane from a Whitley Platform in CedarIsland Platform, the SATA LEDs may not Work Properly. - Not an Intel VROC Issue.
14010852023	00492469	Intel VROC HII may not Display RAID Volume Information Correctly When the RAID Volume is Greater than 10 Terabytes.
1808514953	Internal	Booting a Platform with 48 NVMe Drives may Result in a System Failure.
1808389290	Internal	The Intel VROC Rebuild LED behavior may not operate properly when Customized to blink all LEDs during a RAID rebuild
1806994368	Internal	Performing Hot Plug drive replacement on a degraded RAID volume, with Rebuild on Hot Insert enabled, may not properly initiate an automatic RAID rebuild.
1507501583	Internal	When Resuming From and S3 Power State Change, the "System" Label may not be Displayed Properly in the Intel VROC GUI.
1409667894	448534	LED Locate from HII BIOS VROC Menu Causes Page to Exit Prematurely
1808703820	Internal	When Using the Intel VROC CLI Tool to Adding a Drive to an Existing Array, the Volume Strip Size may no be Displayed Properly.
1808580403	Internal	When Performing a Drive Hot Plug, the Event Logger may Show Other Drives (Not Involved in the Hot Plug) having Encountered Hot Plug Events
1807170210	Internal	An Intel VROC GUI Volume Creation Warnings Message May Overlay ontop of a Submenu
1806564426	Internal	Event Lot May Not Poroperly Show "RAID volume {VolumeName} is normal" Message after a Rebuild Completes



Internal Reference Number	IPS Reference Number	Issue Title
18011690000	Internal	Activate LED Option may not Work in VROC CLI and UI, When Using Intel-SSD-Only License. - Internal Testing Issue

6.5 Resolved Issues in Intel VROC 6.3 PV

This section identifies those issues that have been resolved in the Intel VROC 6.3 PV release.

Internal Reference Number	IPS Reference Number	Issue Title
14010267807	2209520253 / 00471069	Performing a Drive Surprise Hot Remove from a Matrix RAID Array May Result in a Platform Failure.
1507649523	IPS 00482474	Using the CC_CSMI_SAS_GET_DRIVER_INFO Command May Not Report Correct Drive and Driver information.
18010792702	00470911	Intel VROC IASstorIcon Scheduled Task may be Inadvertently Removed During a Package Upgrade.
1809577436		An Intel VROC spanned RAID10 Volume may not Start Rebuilding Automatically after a Rebuild on Hot Insert Condition.
1806397184	Internal	Intel RSTe NVMe Pre-Purley Platform with 48 NVMe Drives and Max Volumes. Degraded RAID Volume May Encounter a System Failure While Booting
1507369786	Internal	Migrating a single NVMe boot drive to an Intel VROC (VMD NVMe RAID) Volume and Performan a System Sleep Power State Change May Result in a System Crash
1806411891	Internal	RAID Volume May Become Degraded After Reboot

Internal Reference Number	IPS Reference Number	Issue Title
1806397164	Internal	Intel RSTe NVMe Pre-Purley Platform with 48 NVMe Drives and 24 Volumes May Encounter a boot Failure
1507522222	2209595864 / 00473612	Intel VROC LED Management may illuminate the Locate LED Option During Another RAID Operation and may not stop when the Operation Completes.
1806930160	Internal	An Error message in event viewer "The driver detected a controller error.." may be displayed when performing platform power state changes with Intel VROC installed.
1806419240	Internal	Intel VROC (VMD RAID) NVMe Drive May be Marked as Available After Removal

6.6 Resolved Issue in Intel VROC 6.2 PV

This section identifies those issues that have been resolved in the Intel VROC 6.2 PV release.

id	customer_id	release_notes
1606900429	405188	System Crash May Occurred when load Intel VROC (VMD NVMe RAID) F6 driver while the Intel VROC RAID is Under an Initialize State.
1409230595	424290	Intel VROC UEFI May Not Properly Report the VMD Controller BDF in the HII
1409017125	416904	"UEFI Driver Hangs When the Metadata is Malformed"
1408968353	404672	Intel VROC (VMD NVMe RAID) UEFI HII Menu May Cause the BIOS Setup Menu to be Improperly Displayed
1409194760	424543	Activity LED is not blinking when SATA drive in RAID mode
1808452676	Internal	A system, with the OS installed onto a RAID volume, may not properly resume after several Hybrid Sleeps



1808377588	Internal	A system running Intel VROC, with the OS installed onto a RAID volume, may not properly resume from a Hybrid Sleep state, after performing multiple Hybrid Sleeps.
1808060543	Internal	The Intel VROC 6.2 UWD UI Application may not properly function on a platform with Intel VROC 6.0 driver package. Please make sure that when using the Intel VROC UWD UI Application, that the UI version matches the driver package (i.e. both should be Intel VROC 6.0 or both should be Intel VROC 6.2)
1807345165	Internal	The CLI Tool May Not Properly Expand Existing RAID Volumes
1807107325	Internal	When using the Intel VROC CLI Tool to Create RAID Volumes One of the Disks May Show a Disk Size of 0 GB after the Volume Creation Completes.
1806677977	Internal	Bad Blocks May Not be Properly Reported in a RAID 5 Volume
1806534894	Internal	The Intel VROC CLI Tool May Allow Data Migration With a Smaller Drive
1806503629	Internal	Creating a RAID 1 Volume from an Existing Drive May Result in a Failed RAID Volume
1507222187	438747	VROC icon is missing in system tray Issue description: VROC GUI icon is not exist in system tray in Windows10.
1409784946	455468	Hot Removal of a RAID 5 RAID Write Hole (RWH) Journaling Drive may cause the platform to become unstable and may cause a system failure System Instability and BSODs
1409371408	Internal	Intel VROC GUI May Require the "Proceed with deleting data" Box be Selected when not Expected.
1407853994	325087	Degraded SATA RAID 5 may not boot if disk on SATA controller port 0 is removed or fails Waiting for 6.2.0.1108 confirmation from HP.
1407801045	325604	The Intel VROC RWH Policy May inadvertently Change from Journaling to Distributed if one member drive is missing
1407219909	246717	New VMDVROC_1.efi / VMDVROC_2.efi driver will increase boot time around 4 seconds

1806782204	429264	Intel VROC GUI may not Properly Open Unless "Run as Administrator"
1506398660	281938	RAID10, hot-plug two member disks, re-plugged second disk can't rebuilding.
1409584095	445268	Event Log Error 4156/4155 Seen during stress testing
1807977956	Internal	The platform may encounter a system failure as a result of performing a Hybrid Sleep cycle on an Intel VROC RAID5 Volume (the first Hybrid Sleep after running the Intel VROC installation application).
1807962656	Internal	The Intel VROC PreOS UEFI may not properly display the full serial number of a removed/offline Volume member drive in the UEFI Health Protocol information.
1807158496	Internal	The Intel VROC RWH Policy May Change from Journaling to Distributed after a Drive Hot Unplug
1806564409	Internal	Platform May Not Properly Boot After a Dirty Shutdown with I/O on a RAID 4 volume (RWH Distributed)